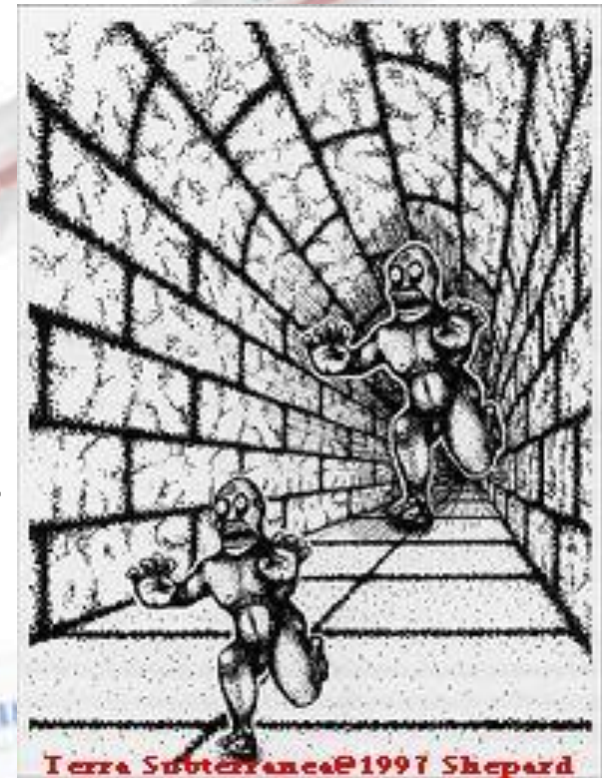




# Precision and Accuracy

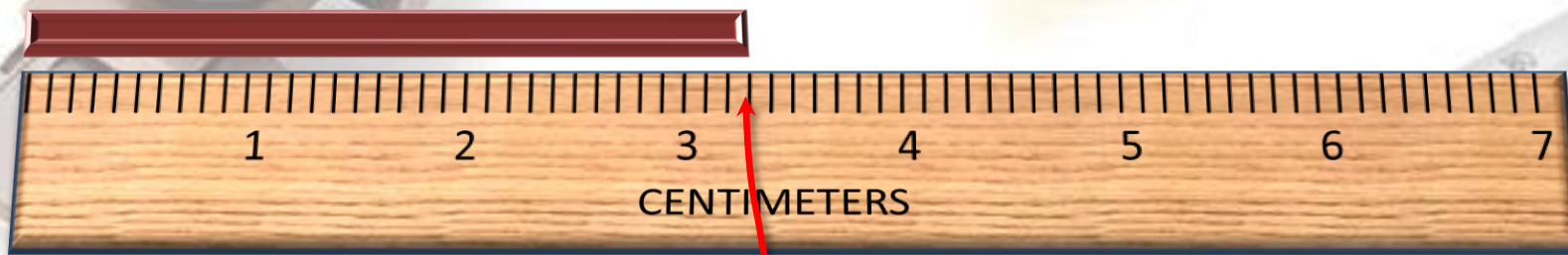
# Quantitative Observations

- Observations are made through the five senses and instruments that extend these senses.
- The senses can fool us, however. The two creatures to the right are the same size.
- That is why we often rely on instruments that extend the senses to make measurements.
- Measurements give us quantitative observations.



# Estimation

- Measuring instruments have limitations:







The length of this object falls between lines of the ruler.

- It is always necessary to estimate one place beyond the finest division of a measuring device to complete a measurement.
- As a result, there are always errors of measurement.



# Bulls Eye!

- Making a measurement is like trying to shoot a bulls eye. You want to get it right.
- The possibilities are illustrated below.

	Accurate	Not Accurate
Precise		
Not Precise		

# Definitions

- Precision

- Repeatability of a measurement
- Also refers to the number of decimal places.

*(Note: The more decimal places an instrument reads, the more closely the measurements tend to be clustered.)*

- Accuracy - how close a measurement is to an actual or accepted value.

