

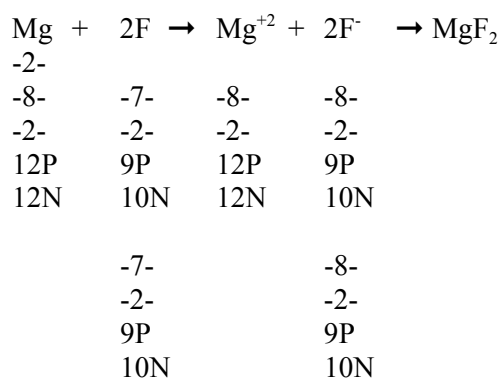
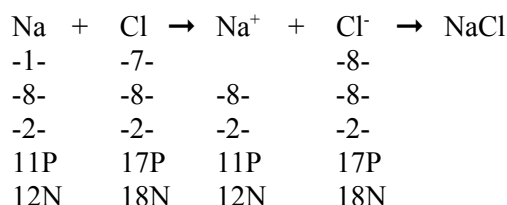
Formula Writing

List

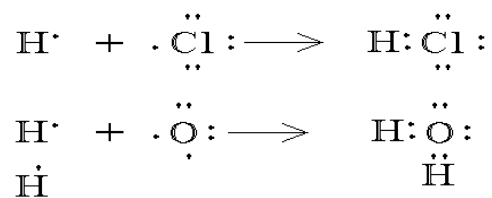
- determine the ratio of elements in a compound from their oxidation states

Notes

- ★ Determining formulas for ionic compounds using atomic diagrams

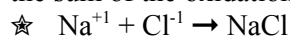


- ★ Determining formulas for covalent compounds by pairing up unpaired electrons to complete the outer shell

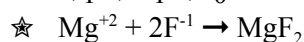


- ★ Determining formulas using oxidation states

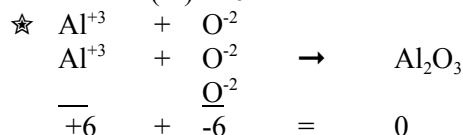
- ☆ the sum of the oxidation states is zero



$$+1 + -1 = 0$$

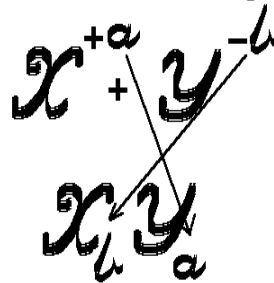


$$+2 + 2(-1) = 0$$



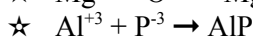
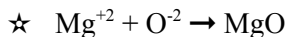
or find lowest common multiple

- ☆ find the lowest common multiple by crossing over

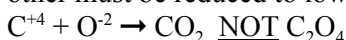


- ★ exceptions

- ☆ equal and opposite add up to zero so the ratio is 1 to 1



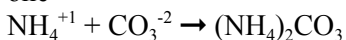
- ☆ oxidation states that are multiples of each other must be reduced to lowest terms:



- ★ polyatomic ions

- ☆ see *Table E* for oxidation state

- ☆ enclose in parentheses if there is more than one



Answer the questions below by circling the number of the correct response

1. What is the correct formula for a compound of Li and F? (1) LiF
(2) Li₂F (3) LiF₂ (4) Li₂F₃
2. What is the correct formula for a compound of Mg and Cl?
(1) MgCl (2) Mg₂Cl (3) MgCl₂ (4) Mg₂Cl₃
3. What is the correct formula for a compound of Al and O? (1) AlO
(2) Al₂O (3) Al₃O₂ (4) Al₂O₃
4. What is the correct formula for a compound of Ca and Br?
(1) CaBr (2) Ca₂Br (3) CaBr₂ (4) Ca₂Br₃
5. What is the correct formula for a compound of Al and P? (1) AlP
(2) Al₂P (3) AlP₂ (4) Al₂P₃
6. Which is the formula for the compound that forms when magnesium bonds with phosphorus?
(1) Mg₂P (3) Mg₂P₃
(2) MgP₂ (4) Mg₃P₂